

BOLSOVER COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP PLAN

2020 – 2023

*Working together to reduce crime and disorder and improve the quality of
life for you and your community*



Publication date: March 2022

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Contents

	Page
Foreword	2
Bolsover district	3
Bolsover Community Safety Partnership	4
Bolsover Community Safety Partnership structure	5
Recorded crime	6 - 8
Priorities	9 – 12
Action Plan	13 – 29
Monitoring	30 – 31
Links to other strategies	32
Definitions	33 – 36
Glossary	37
Equality and Diversity	38

Foreword by Councillor Mary Dooley

Portfolio Holder for Community Safety and Partnership Chair

Welcome to the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Refreshed Plan covering the three years 2020 to 2023. (Refreshed March 2022)

This plan sets out how Bolsover District Council, Police, Derbyshire County Council, Probation Services, Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service, Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group together with voluntary and community sectors will work together with the communities of Bolsover district to reduce crime, disorder, anti-social behaviour, substance misuse and re-offending in order to keep Bolsover district a safe place to live, work and visit.

The Plan aims to reduce the number of crimes and anti-social behaviour in the district, but in some categories, it aims to increase the number of reports where historically victims have not felt confident enough to report it to us. By increasing reporting we will then be able to offer support to those victims and take appropriate action against the perpetrators.

Crime and disorder impacts not only the victims but also on the quality of life of the wider community so we understand how important it is for you that we tackle it in a timely, efficient and effective way.

We are confident that this Plan not only addresses the priorities that have been identified through our analysis of evidential information and performance but also the concerns of the people of Bolsover district.

We recognise that as a Partnership we have a duty and responsibility to continue to tackle crime and disorder which affect the safety and wellbeing of everyone who lives, works or visits our district.

2021 has been a challenging year for everyone, hopefully 2022 will be less challenging.

As a consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, there are lots of ways it has changed situations for people. During the lockdown periods, vulnerable people may not have had so many opportunities to be seen, identified or supported by protection or supporting services. This is the same for children who witness domestic abuse and can only access support when the schools are open.

However, with more people being at home, less people are going out to the restaurants/pubs and with less travel in general, this has given less opportunity for acquisitive crime which has seen a significant reduction across the county. Our continued aim is to work together promoting community safety, protecting the vulnerable and making Bolsover district a safer place for everyone to live and work.

Bolsover District

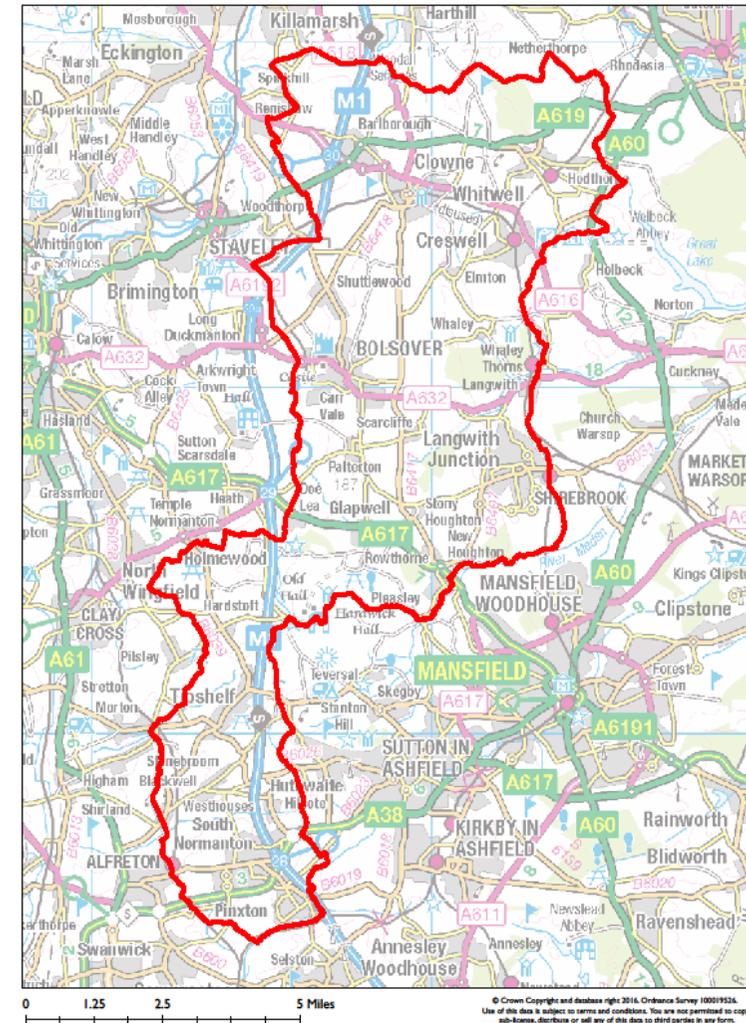
Bolsover district is situated to the east of Derbyshire with its borders on the Peak District and Sherwood Forest. Bolsover town has a significant amount of historical importance with the main tourist attraction being its 17th century castle built by the Cavendish family and visited by thousands of people each year. The M1 Motorway runs through the district providing a transport connection to the rest of the country.

The district has four medium sized towns; Bolsover, Shirebrook, Clowne and South Normanton. These towns are part of urban areas which provide a range of facilities, services and employment opportunities to the surrounding areas. A significant proportion of the population of the district live within the 4 main towns. Outside the market towns there are scattered farms and small villages in a mostly open rural landscape punctuated by compact settlements.

The population in Bolsover district has seen an increase by 4.31% over the 5 years from 2014 to 2019, which a population of 77,231 in 2014 to 80,562 in 2019. [Source: Mid-Year Estimate (ONS) 2019].

The district has also seen increases in new businesses and current businesses expanding which will consequentially result in high numbers of people travelling for work, who may not necessarily live in the district but travel from outside of the district.

Bolsover District Council



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

The Community Safety Partnership (CSP) was formed under the Crime & Disorder Act 1998, amended by the Police & Justice Act 2006. This places a statutory duty on partners to work together to reduce crime and disorder in their area. The Partnership is made up of the following statutory organisations:

- ♦ Bolsover District Council
- ♦ Derbyshire Police
- ♦ Derbyshire County Council
- ♦ Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service
- ♦ Probation Services
- ♦ Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group

Additional discretionary Partners include commissioned service providers, community groups and the voluntary sector.

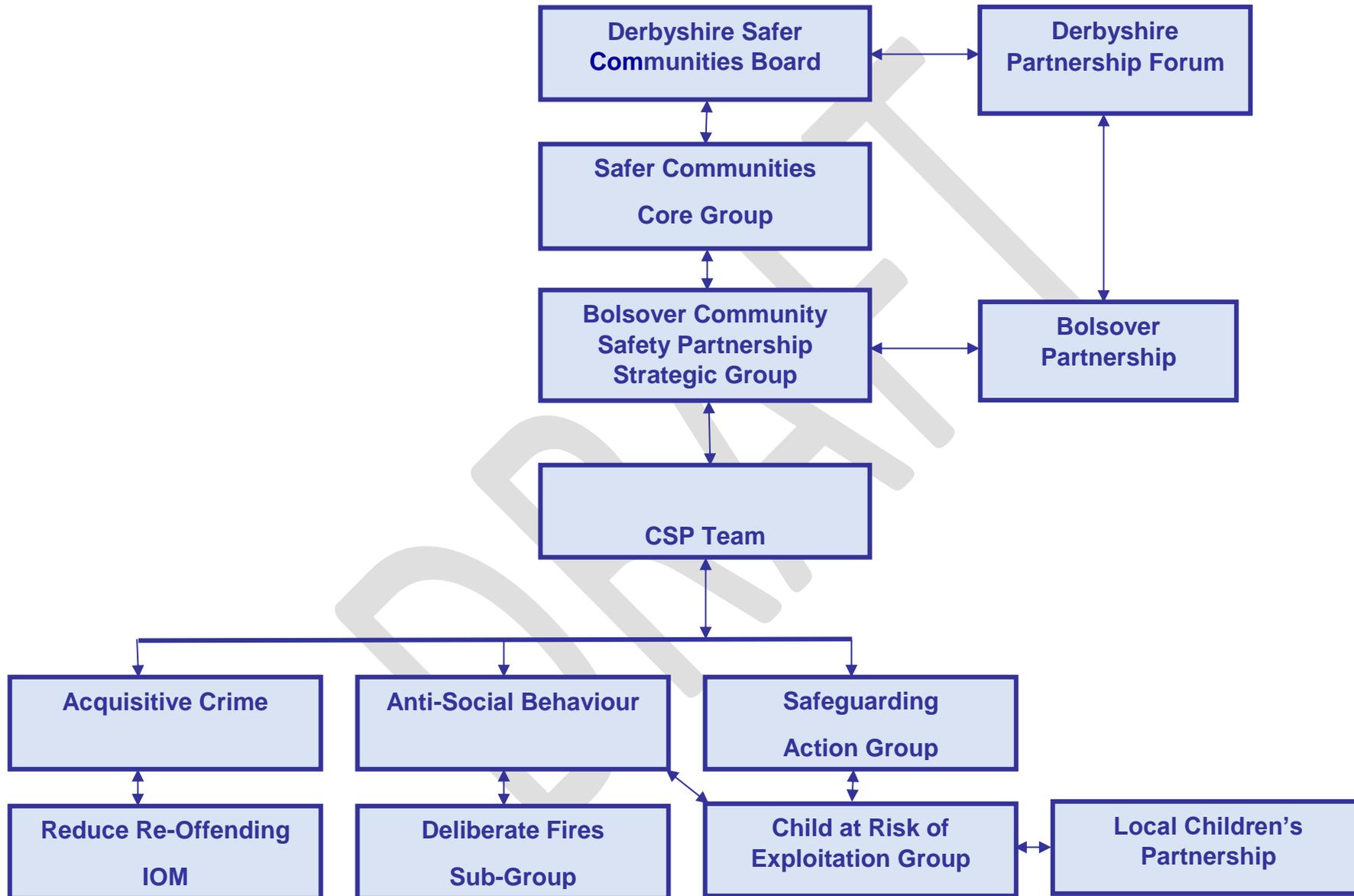
The CSP Strategy Group agrees and manages the strategic direction of the Community Safety Partnership. It agrees and oversees the funding plans of the partnership and monitors performance against its priorities. The Community Safety Partnership is accountable to the Derbyshire Safer Communities Board.

The CSP Action Groups are groups that deliver thematic outcomes. The groups operate by sharing knowledge, expertise and information in order to understand and tackle problems and drive the activity identified in their respective action plans. Their operational role is to make tactical resourcing decisions regarding emerging trends and related community safety issues in line with the partnership's priorities.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership
The ARC
High Street
Clowne
Derbyshire
S43 4JX

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Structure



Levels of Recorded Crime

All Crime

Recorded crime in Bolsover district increased by 14.2% for the 12 month period to December 2021.

During this 12 month period, the district has seen the largest volume increases in Violence without injury (23.5%), Stalking and Harassment (13.0%), Theft from a Motor vehicle (86.9%) and Public disorder (26.0%).

However, the district saw a slight decrease in Violence with Injury (-3.0%), Burglary – Business and Community (-50.0%) and Possession of Weapons (-13.2%).

Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)

Recorded anti-social behaviour (ASB) incidents have seen an increase by 3.7% for the 12 month period to December 2021. However, ASB incidents excluding Covid related calls have seen an increase by 17.7% for the same period.

Between March-August there was a significant increase in ASB calls for service.

During the past twelve months we have received two applications for Community Trigger reviews in relation to ASB were received in Bolsover in the 12 month period to March 2022.

Deliberate Fires

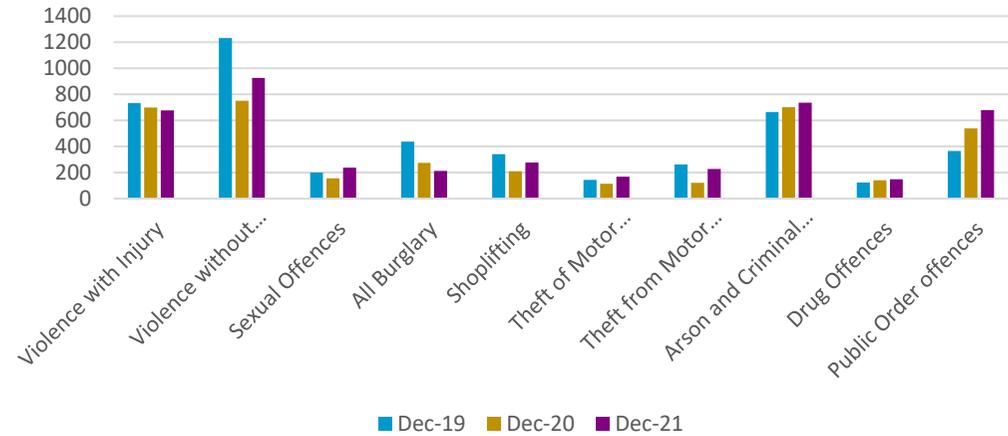
Bolsover district saw a 26% reduction in deliberate fires at December 2020 compared with the previous 12 month period:

January-December 2019 = 151

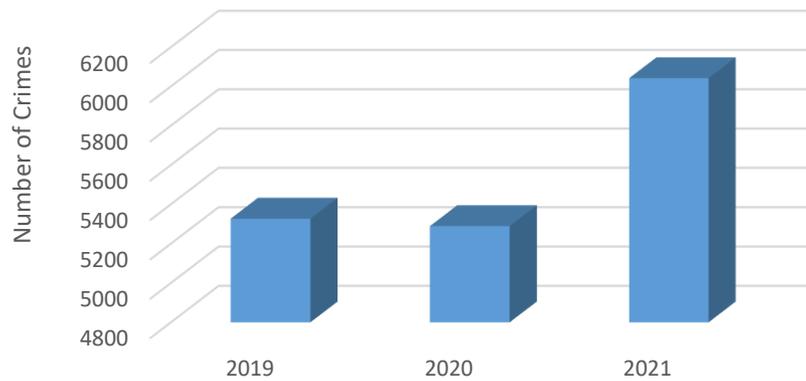
January-December 2020 = 112

Recorded crime over the past 3 years

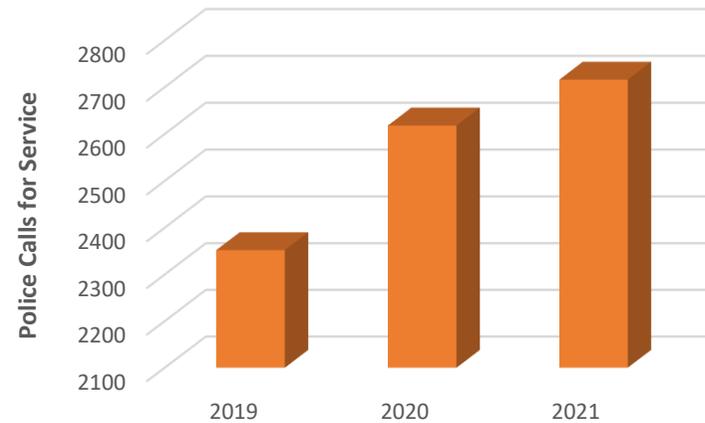
Crime types comparison 12 months to December



Total crime in Bolsover district 12 months to December

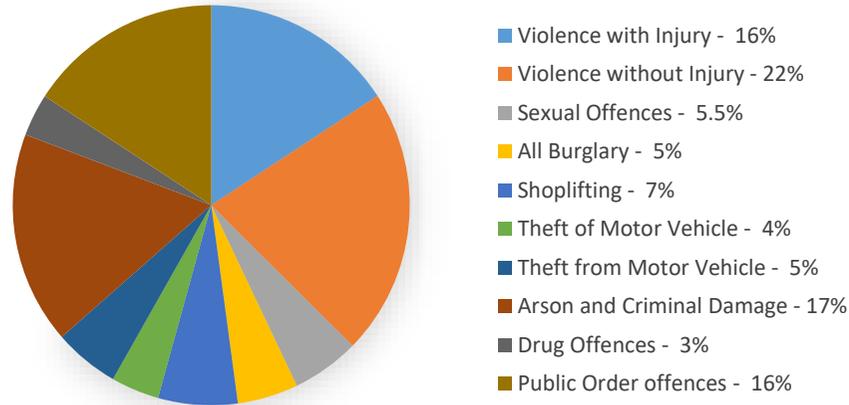


Anti- Social Behaviour 12 months to December



Where we are now

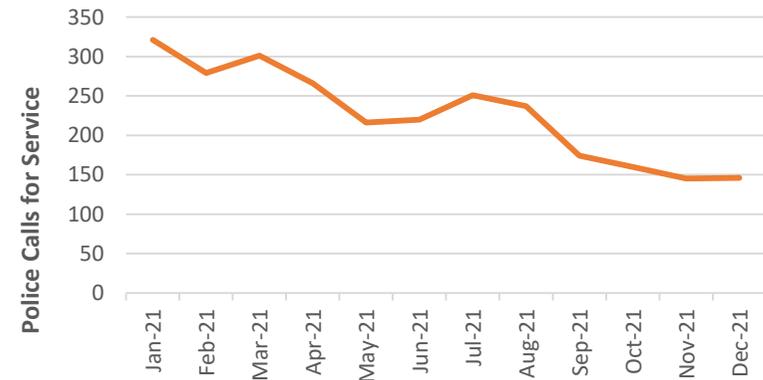
Types of crime in 2021



Recorded total crimes in 2021



Anti-Social Behaviour 2021



Derbyshire Safer Communities Board Joint Strategic Risk Assessment

Since the last agreement there have been many changes both locally and nationally, but effective partnership working remains vital to the ongoing success in tackling crime, anti-social behaviour and substance misuse across Derbyshire.

For a number of years the Derbyshire Safer Communities Board has been at the heart of these partnership arrangements. But this is not without its challenges, significant pressures on public sector funding is affecting all Responsible Authorities, in addition the need to be respond to a number of new and emerging strategic responsibilities provide a real impetus to work in a more focused and smarter way.

Over the last couple of years, the Board has worked hard to ensure it has the right structure to be responsive and meet these challenges.

The Board has identified its priorities for 2020 – 2023 through a joint strategic threat and risk assessment.

An annual risk and threat assessment is carried out by Derbyshire Constabulary jointly with its community safety partners.

Priorities

There are a number of **long standing priorities**, which the Board will continue to support. These are priorities for which there is a strong structure in place to oversee delivery and to identify and address gaps in provision. It is acknowledged that investment in these priorities needs to be maintained in order to ensure performance is sustained and identified areas for development are progressed. These are;

- Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence
- Anti-Social Behaviour
- Modern Slavery
- Prevent (Counter Terrorism)
- Hate Crime

In addition to these a two **development priorities** have been identified. These are;

- Organised Crime, including County Lines
- Serious Violence

It needs to be acknowledged that in relation to the developmental priorities, the Board needs to focus on the aspects of their delivery which fall within its remit. To that end, it will be critical that the Board works with the other Strategic Boards to ensure a comprehensive response is achieved.

In delivery of the priorities outlined above, there should be specific focus on;

- Prevention and Early Intervention
- Data and Information Sharing

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Priorities

The Partnership Plan must set out priorities to reduce crime and disorder in the area. This current Plan covers a 3 year period to 2023, and this is the refreshed version.

To inform this Plan a comprehensive strategic assessment was completed which has provided us with an analysis of community safety issues within the district together with previous performance.

We consulted on the findings of the assessment with all our partners to ensure we have correctly captured and analysed the problems in the district. We work closely with the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (Angelique Foster) and were possible link our local priorities to her overall Strategic Aim of Protecting Communities and Fighting Crime.

We have were possible linked aims and objectives together to reflect joint priorities so we can utilise joint resources and expertise more effectively and thus work together to reduce the fear of crime and disorder and increase community safety within our communities.

This Plan brings together our vision, aims and priorities for making Bolsover District a safer place to live, work and play.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has a statutory responsibility in relation to Modern Slavery, Domestic Homicide Reviews and Serious Violence which will influence its work throughout the duration of this plan.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has identified the following local priorities which will be its focus for the period 2020-2023.
(Refreshed March 2022)

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership local priorities 2020-2023

1

**Reducing and managing
Anti-Social Behaviour and
Criminal Damage**

2

**Reducing Domestic Abuse
and Violent Crime &
Sexual Offences**

3

**Prevent
(Counter Terrorism)**

4

**Reducing and Preventing
Acquisitive Crime
Especially Vehicle Crime**

5

**Reducing Alcohol and
Substance Misuse**

6

**Reducing the risk of Child
Exploitation (CRE)**

← Cross Cutting Theme: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities →

Derbyshire Police and Crime Commissioners Priorities and Derbyshire Constabulary Priorities (2021 – 2025)

[Police and Crime Plan 2021-2025 \(derbyshire.police.uk\)](https://www.derbyshire.police.uk)

PCC	Police – (Strategic Policing Requirements)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Strong Local Policing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Terrorism
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Neighbourhood Crime & ASB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Serious and Organised Crime
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Road Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• National Cyber Security
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rural Crime	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Threats to Public Order or Public Safety
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Victim & Safeguarding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Civil Emergencies
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Driving Efficiencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Child Sexual Abuse

**Bolsover Community Safety Partnership
Action Plan 2020 – 2023 (March 2022)**

ANTI SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR				
CSP Overarching Priority: 1. Reducing and managing Anti-Social Behaviour and Criminal Damage				
CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities				
Priority	Objective	Action	Lead	Outcomes 2021-2022
Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)	Increase awareness in the community regarding what anti-social behaviour is and how to report it	Produce and distribute appropriate leaflets/information in a variety of formats through community engagement awareness events throughout the year focusing on criminal damage and anti-social behaviour	CSPs/Police/BDC	<p>For the 12 month period ending Dec 2021 there has been a 3.7% increase in ASB calls for service within the district when compared to the same period last year. However, excluding incidents with a Covid flag, the district saw a 17.7% increase for the same period.</p> <p>During ASB Awareness Week in July, the CSP provided a stand at the Arc, Clowne to enable members of the public to obtain information and advice on issues around ASB and personal safety. The event was attended by officers from CSP and the ASB/Enforcement team and local SNT.</p> <p>The ASB team also provided some ASB drop-in sessions at the Post Mill Centre in South Normanton with the local SNT officers.</p> <p>The CSP has provided a variety of warning raising signs to help local SNTs to raise awareness of ASB in hotspot areas.</p>

	<p>Provide targeted activities for young people in hotspot areas particularly those identified as being at risk of entering the Criminal Justice System</p>	<p>Implement a programme of diversionary activities for young people</p>	<p>CSPs</p>	<p>Extreme Wheels – the CSP commissioned Extreme Wheels to deliver activities in Bolsover on a Friday night. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic the usual activities were unable to be offered. However the Extreme Wheels team provided a roaming outreach service travelling between locations in targeting open spaces, communal and ‘hotspot’ areas, and areas where young people congregate. The team provided social interaction based around informal ‘locate and chat’ offering young people advice, guidance and to give them an opportunity to discuss matters in their community. Since July the normal activities resumed. 31 sessions were delivered between April 2021 and March 2022, 17 of which were delivered as outreach sessions. A total of ### young people were engaged with during 2021/22.</p> <p>Bolsover Lantern Parade – the CSP supported the event again in 2021/22. Unfortunately due to the inclement weather the parade was unable to proceed. However, residents were asked to place their lit lanterns in the windows of their properties. The funding enabled Junction Arts to provide lantern making equipment and deliver workshops within the community.</p> <p>Friday Night Football – the CSP funded BDC Sports Development team to deliver a programme of</p>
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				<p>football sessions on Hornscroft Park in Bolsover on a Friday night. A total of 18 sessions were delivered between November 2021 and March 2022, engaging with ### young people.</p> <p>Shirebrook Football - the CSP supported a programme of football sessions at Shirebrook Leisure Centre, which were delivered by BDC Sports Development team in conjunction with the local SNT. A total of ## sessions were delivered between January and March 2022, engaging with ### young people.</p>
		Deliver parenting programmes as part of the range of preventative services across the district	Parenting Practitioner	Due to the restrictions imposed by the outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Senior Parenting Practitioner was unable to offer home visits but continued to provide her service on a virtual basis. However, since September 2021 her home visits have resumed.
	Provide consistent multi-agency approach to the identification and support of vulnerable and repeat victims of ASB	Continue to implement the Victims First case management ECINs system for victims and offenders and refer victims of ASB to Victim Services	All agencies	<p>ECINS - the system continues to be used to monitor ASB cases.</p> <p>Community Trigger - 2 applications for Community Trigger reviews in relation to ASB were received in Bolsover district up to end March 2022. Both are currently open to allow interventions to be looked at.</p>
		Utilise CCTV to deter, detect and gather evidence	CSPs/Police/BDC	<p>The Community Enforcement Rangers continue to use the body worn cameras.</p> <p>Wildlife cameras continue to be used by the Rural Crime Team.</p>

				A supply of wildlife cameras have been provided to be used by the Deliberate Fires Group across the district which will be located in hotspot areas for deliberate fires and where void/derelict buildings are being targeted for ASB.
	Targeted enforcement activity to tackle anti-social behaviour	Continue to enforce current Public Spaces Protection Orders (PSPOs) in designated areas within the district.	CSPs/Police/ BDC	<p>Shirebrook & Langwith Junction PSPO - the prohibitions for the PSPO have been reviewed and the new Order came into effect on 16/12/2019. 5 FPNs have been issued for breach of the PSPO.</p> <p>Langwith PSPO – the prohibitions for the PSPO have been reviewed and the new Order came into effect on 16/12/2019. 0 FPNs have been issued for breach of the PSPO.</p> <p>PSPO FP 18 Shirebrook - The PSPO was extended for a further 3 years from 29/07/2019 to close off the footpath at both ends. No FPNs have been issued so far.</p>
	Monitor deliberate fires/derelict buildings with series of site visits and multi-agency monitoring and tasking meetings	Implement specific multi-agency operations to address hot spot areas of deliberate fires	DFRS	The CSP Deliberate Fires Group continues to meet on a regular basis to discuss any emerging trends with regards to deliberate fires and derelict/void properties. The CSP also receives weekly Deliberate Fire reports to enable any trends to be quickly identified and appropriate action taken. For the 12 month period ending December 2021 there was 5.0% increase for Arson and Criminal Damage offences within the district when compared to the same period last year.

ACQUISITIVE CRIME				
CSP Overarching Priority: 4. Reducing and Preventing Acquisitive Crime				
CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities				
Priority	Objective	Action	Lead	Outcomes 2021-2022
Acquisitive Crime	Assist in the reduction/ prevention of incidents of acquisitive crime within the district	Promote personal and property security by raising awareness of preventative methods and where appropriate distribute crime prevention/target hardening equipment	CSPs	<p>Target hardening equipment such as window alarms, door chains, personal alarms, shed alarms etc. have been provided to vulnerable residents on request and in targeted hotspot areas when required.</p> <p>Burglary Residential saw a 10.2% decrease for the 12 month period to December 2021 compared to the same period last year.</p> <p>The SNTs have attended a number of community engagement events providing purse bells, bank card wallets etc to local residents</p> <p>Shoplifting saw a 31.9% increase for the 12 month period to December 2021 compared to the same period last year.</p>
		Identify and refer high risk vulnerable people to the 'CAN Assist' scheme	CSPs/BDC	Security checks and equipment is provided through the Safe and Secure element of the District Council's CAN Assist scheme to those identified as being high risk vulnerable people. During 2021/22 131 referrals were made to the scheme of which 33 were DV related.

		Manage and monitor repeat offenders on the Integrated Offender Management programme	CSPs/BDC/Police	The CSP attends monthly IOM Panel meetings. The CSP has continued to contribute towards the Buddi Tracker tags for use as part of the IOM scheme.
		Promote and develop new Neighbourhood Watch Schemes.	NHW	There are currently 99 NHW schemes in various locations across the district.
		Develop initiatives and raise awareness of Vehicle Crime	CSPs/Police/NHW	Signal blocker wallets for keyless car entry keys provided to the SNTs for distribution. Theft from Vehicle saw an 86.9% increase for the 12 month period to December 2021 when compared to the same period last year, and Theft of Vehicle saw a 47.4% increase. The CSP has put out some information on its website/social media platforms to raise awareness about vehicle security.
Organised Crime	Develop and strengthen existing information sharing links with partner agencies to identify and disrupt OCG activity	Attend local OCG Partnership Board meetings to implement disruption activity such as 'County Lines' through information sharing and tasking	CSPs/Police/DCC/BDC/DFRS	The CSP attends the OCG Partnership Board meetings.
Fraud	Raise awareness of how to avoid becoming a victim of fraud	Encourage reporting via the 'Action Fraud' reporting centre	CSPs/Police/DCC/BDC/NHW	Get Safe Online initiatives are promoted via partners' websites/social media.
		Promote and refer victims to Derbyshire Scam Watch	CSPs/Police/DC C/BDC/NHW	Awareness raising is provided by the CSP and partner agencies as requested.

Rural Crime	Assist in the reduction/ prevention of incidents of rural crime within the district	Promote property security by raising awareness of preventative methods	CSPs/NHW/ Police (Rural Crime Unit)	<p>Awareness raising of rural acquisitive crime is provided through the Rural Crime Unit communication networks.</p> <p>The CSP with the Rural Crime Team implemented the Datatag CESAR registration scheme to tackle thefts of machinery etc. from farms across the district. Farmers and landowners are able to claim a discount to get their equipment forensically marked. As at 25/10/21, 17 pieces of equipment have been protected through the scheme.</p>
		Develop initiatives to help raise awareness of wildlife crime	CSPs/NHW/ Police (Rural Crime Unit)	CCTV in Operation signs have been provided by the CSP to support overt operations carried out by the Rural Crime team.

SAFEGUARDING

CSP Overarching Priorities:

2. Reducing Domestic Abuse and Violent Crime & Sexual Offences
3. Prevent (Counter Terrorism)
5. Reducing Alcohol and Substance Misuse
6. Reducing the risk of Children at Risk of Exploitation

CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities

Priority	Objective	Action	Lead	Outcomes 2021-2022
Domestic Violence	Raise awareness within communities and partner agencies of available services	Provide IDVA support to victims and refer high risk cases to MARAC	IDVA/DV Officer	<p>The BDC DV Officer continues to attend the fortnightly MARAC meetings.</p> <p>Since the outbreak of COVID-19 there has been an increased demand on DV services in BDC, equating to a 46.5% increase for the 12 month period to Dec 2021 when compared to the same period last year.</p>
		Provide and promote Outreach Service	IDVA/DV Officer/CSP/DCC/Police	<p>The BDC DV Officer continues to provide outreach support for DV victims. However, since the outbreak of the COVID pandemic, the DV Officer has been unable to carry out visits but has been extremely busy with telephone contact.</p> <p>A DV support awareness campaign 'Breakfree' with Greatest Hits radio was delivered for 4 weeks during December as a joint initiative with the Police. The campaign also included a website banner that</p>

				<p>linked to the Derbyshire Police website.</p> <p>The CSPs team and Chair of the Partnership attended the Hope of Light service at Chesterfield church to remember victims of DV.</p> <p>The DV Helpline contact numbers are continually promoted through a variety of platforms.</p>
		Refer high risk cases to the 'CAN' Assist scheme for target hardening equipment	IDVA/DV Officer	<p>Security checks/equipment provided through the Safe and Secure element of the scheme to those identified as being high risk vulnerable people. Since April 2021, 131 referrals have been made to the scheme of which 33 were DV related.</p> <p>Re-deployable cameras have also been provided which are deployed where appropriate for victims of DV.</p>
		Implement the Freedom Programme to raise awareness about domestic abuse, improve self-esteem and confidence	IDVA/DV Officer	<p>Due to the COVID-19 pandemic the Freedom Programme courses have currently been suspended. The Elm Foundation has delivered some sessions online.</p> <p>The BDC IDVA/DV officer and Parenting Practitioner will look to deliver future courses when circumstances allow.</p> <p>DCC Childrens Services have delivered the Freedom Programme and a wide range of parenting groups and support virtually.</p>

		Assist in the delivery of the DV/SV Strategy and Delivery Plan via the NDDSAAG Action Plan	IDVA/DV Officer/CSP/ DCC/Police/ CCG	Delivery of the DV/SV Strategy will be achieved through Task and Finish Groups as appropriate led by DCC Community Safety unit.
Sexual Violence	Encourage increased take up of sexual violence services by victims (link to NDDSAAG Action Plan)	Raise awareness within communities of available services and refer to Sexual Assault Referral Centre	DCC/CSP/ Police/CCG	SV2 have been commissioned to deliver the provision for Sexual Assault referrals. Sexual offences saw a 52.3% increase for the 12 month period to December 2021 when compared to the same period last year.
Child at Risk of Exploitation	Support county wide awareness raising campaigns to address Children at Risk of Exploitation	Attend local CRE meetings to support young people identified as being at risk of exploitation	CSP/Police/ BDC/DCC	The CRE panel meetings continue to be held virtually and the Parenting Practitioner continues to attend. A standing agenda item is included on the weekly BDC ASB Tasking meetings and Police Tasking document to ensure there is a link to the CRE panels. Multi-Agency Bolsover District mapping meetings are facilitated by DCC Childrens Services to discuss vulnerable young people, and areas of concern.
		Support the Local Children's Partnership Annual Plan	CSP/Police/ BDC/DCC	The CSO to attend the Local Children's Partnership meetings. The LCP has circulated the DA helpline number to their circulation list in education settings with a view to using it when they receive an alert of a DA incident. A Bolsover Multi Agency Domestic Abuse Forum has been initiated by the LCP, this is chaired by Public

			<p>Health, with an aim to encourage joined up working, avoid duplication, share resources and ensure effective information sharing.</p> <p>Primary schools in Bolsover have been supported by the LCP to participate in the I-Vengers project. This is an online safety project funded by DCC and the OPCC.</p> <p>DCC have a small resource of youth practitioners who can be asked to support communities with a targeted period of detached youth work with issues surrounding CSP or CRE.</p> <p>The 'Flashlight' Dark Nights awareness campaign on Greatest Hits radio was delivered for 6 weeks during November and December as a joint initiative with Chesterfield and NED CSPs. The campaign also included branded resources page within the radio website and targeted social media posts.</p>
		<p>Raise awareness of young people and parents to the dangers of online grooming sexting and cyber bullying.</p>	<p>CSP/Police/ BDC/DCC</p> <p>The Digital PCSO continues to deliver online safety sessions across North Derbyshire. She is trained as a CEOP Ambassador and can deliver sessions in schools which includes establishing Child Cyber Champions and providing webinars. She was also hoping to deliver some awareness raising with parents and other adults regarding their digital footprints,</p>

				cyber bullying, etc. when circumstances allow.
		Use of disruption work by ASB team, Trading Standards, Police etc.	All agencies	The CSP will continue to support delivery of joint awareness raising campaigns around Children at Risk of Exploitation.
		Use of youth provision to divert and protect young people at risk of CRE.	All agencies	<p>Extreme Wheels – the CSP commissioned Extreme Wheels to deliver activities in Bolsover on a Friday night. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic the usual activities were unable to be offered. However the Extreme Wheels team provided a roaming outreach service travelling between locations in targeting open spaces, communal and ‘hotspot’ areas, and areas where young people congregate. The team provided social interaction based around informal ‘locate and chat’ offering young people advice, guidance and to give them an opportunity to discuss matters in their community. Since July the normal activities resumed. 31 sessions were delivered between April 2021 and March 2022, 17 of which were delivered as outreach sessions. A total of ### young people were engaged with during 2021/22.</p> <p>Friday Night Football – the CSP funded BDC Sports Development team to deliver a programme of football sessions on Hornscroft Park in Bolsover on a Friday night. A total of 18 sessions were</p>

				<p>delivered between November 2021 and March 2022, engaging with ### young people.</p> <p>Shirebrook Football - the CSP supported a programme of football sessions at Shirebrook Leisure Centre, which were delivered by BDC Sports Development team in conjunction with the local SNT. A total of ## sessions were delivered between January and March 2022, engaging with ### young people.</p>
Cyber Crime	Raise awareness within the community of what cybercrime is and what steps to take to avoid becoming a victim	Promote responsible use of internet and raise awareness of available support, e.g. 'Get Safe Online' and 'Take Five' campaigns and work together to deliver the Derby and Derbyshire Cybercrime and Online Safety Action Plan.	CSP/Police/BDC/DCC	<p>Awareness raising campaigns will be delivered by the CSP and partner agencies as required.</p> <p>The Digital PCSO continues to deliver online safety sessions across North Derbyshire.</p>
		Raise awareness of specific on-line financial scams to those vulnerable to becoming a victim via engagement events, partners' websites, social media pages etc.	CSP/Police/BDC/DCC	<p>Awareness raising campaigns will be delivered by the CSP and partner agencies as required.</p> <p>The CSP produced a winter newsletter and Christmas crime prevention advice to help raise awareness of online safety particularly during the festive period.</p> <p>For the 12 month period ending December 2021 crimes flagged as Cyber related saw an 8.2% increase when compared to the same period last year.</p>
Counter Terrorism and Extremism	Raise awareness of the importance of reporting concerns or suspicious	Support the Channel Programme by raising awareness of the Prevent strand of the CONTEST Counter-	All agencies	The Home Office online PREVENT training has been rolled out for all staff to complete.

	activity relating to terrorism or radicalisation	Terrorism Strategy and support the 'Action Against Hate' – Derby and Derbyshire plan for tackling hate crime.		<p>The Home Office has also produced and Elected Members Handbook which has been provided for members' information.</p> <p>A Tier 3 PREVENT Action Plan for Bolsover district has been developed as part of the Prevent Steering Group.</p> <p>The CSP continues to work closely with the Derbyshire Prevent Team on gathering local information on any referrals made to the Channel project.</p> <p>For the 12 month period ending December 2021 crimes flagged as Hate related within Bolsover district saw a 14.5% increase when compared to the same period last year.</p>
Modern Slavery (OICHTE)	Improve public awareness of the signs of modern slavery	Support Derby and Derbyshire Modern Slavery Partnership by working to identify those vulnerable to Modern Slavery and OICHTE and once identified refer into appropriate Safeguarding processes.	All agencies	<p>The Modern Slavery Human Trafficking Unit has now been set up, which also deals with issues around OCGs and County Lines.</p> <p>Awareness about County Lines etc is part of the taxi drivers training package delivered by BDC/NEDDC Licensing.</p> <p>Any issues around potential modern slavery involving children would now link to the CRE panels.</p>
Substance Misuse	Assist in the delivery of the Substance Misuse Strategic Action Plan	Ensure CSP funded diversionary activities are targeted in areas where evidence suggests there is a higher prevalence of young people's substance misuse.	CSP	<p>Extreme Wheels - the CSP has funded Extreme Wheels to deliver outreach sessions in Bolsover on a Friday night during 2021/22.</p> <p>Football Programme - the CSP funded BDC Sports Development to</p>

				deliver a programme of football sessions on Hornscroft Park in Bolsover on a Friday night and at Shirebrook Leisure Centre jointly with the local SNT.
		Identify vulnerable or at risk groups in order to deliver evidence-based appropriate universal and targeted prevention/harm minimisation activity.	CSP/DCC/ BDC/Police	<p>Shirebrook & Langwith Junction PSPO - the new Order came into effect on 16/12/2019. 5 FPNs have been issued for breach of the PSPO.</p> <p>Langwith PSPO – the new Order came into effect on 16/12/2019. 0 FPNs have been issued for breach of the PSPO.</p> <p>PSPO FP 18 Shirebrook - The PSPO was extended for a further 3 years from 29/07/2019 to close off the footpath at both ends. No FPNs have been issued so far.</p>
		Raise awareness of the dangers of substance abuse together with available services.	CSP/DCC/ Police	<p>16-25 Outreach Service – the PCC funded service is delivered from a mobile unit that has been fully kitted out to engage and support young people.</p> <p>For the 12 month period ending December 2021 Drug Offences saw an increase by 13.7% when compared to the same period last year.</p>
		Execution of drugs warrants together with enforcement of Misuse of Drugs Act 1971.	Police	Ongoing as required.
	Address problems associated with underage drinking	Continue multi-agency test purchase operations.	Trading Standards	Trading Standards continue to do test purchasing at problematic off licences across the county. Risk assessment visits continue to take

				<p>place to premises selling age restricted products and looking at the systems that they have in place to prevent the sale of them to persons underage.</p> <p>Bolsover Community Alcohol Partnership (CAP) – the action plan was launched in 2019 involving key partners and informs how we will deal with specific problems in Bolsover town around underage drinking and associated ASB issues.</p>
	Improve use of licensing powers	Identify pubs and off licenses that are causing problems and implement multi-agency intervention	CSP/DCC/ BDC/Police	A separate Action Plan has been produced identifying the top problematic premises in the district which is reviewed on an ongoing basis during the closed part of the Safeguarding Action Group meetings.

We will measure and monitor whether our actions are achieving our priorities by the following outcomes:

Anti-Social Behaviour and Criminal Damage

1. Reduction in the number of anti-social behaviour incidents.
2. Reduction in the number of recorded criminal damage offences.
3. Number of diversionary activities to engage young people and direct them away from anti-social behaviour.
4. Reduction in the number of offences of arson (deliberate fires).
5. An increase in successful, community based resolutions of anti-social behaviour.

Domestic Abuse

1. Increased reporting of domestic abuse.
2. Reduced number of repeat cases of domestic abuse heard at the Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC).
3. Increase in referrals of victims of domestic violence to the appropriate agencies.
4. Increase in the number of 'victims' supported by the Independent domestic Advocacy Service.
5. Number of domestic abuse awareness raising initiatives.

Violent Crime & Sexual Offences

1. Reduction in offences of violence with injury.
2. Reduction in offences of violence without injury.
3. Increased reporting of sexual abuse.

Acquisitive Crime

1. Reduced burglary offences.
2. Fewer people who think that crime is a problem in their area.
3. Number of enforcement/prevention initiatives to tackle burglary offences.
4. Reduced vehicle crime offences.
5. Reduced shoplifting offences.

Alcohol and Substance Misuse

1. Increased awareness of the dangers of substance abuse together with available services.
2. Number of enforcement/prevention initiatives to tackle underage drinking.
3. Targeted diversionary activities in areas where there is evidence of a higher prevalence of young people's substance misuse.

Children at Risk of Exploitation

1. Number of enforcement/disruption activities of people and premises
2. Increased awareness of CRE and improved information sharing pathways.

Confident and Cohesive Communities (Cross Cutting Theme)

1. Increased reporting of hate crime.
2. Increased awareness of the impacts of the work of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership.

Links to other strategies

The Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Plan 2020-2023 links with and complements the following strategies, action plans and policies:

- Derbyshire County Community Safety Agreement
- Derbyshire Police and Crime Commissioners Policing Plan
- Prevent Strategy
- Serious Violence Strategy
- Derby & Derbyshire Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Strategy
- Bolsover District Council Anti-Social Behaviour Policy
- Bolsover Sustainable Community Strategy
- Locality Public Health Plan – A Healthy Bolsover
- Derbyshire Substance Misuse Strategic Action Plan
- Derby & Derbyshire Action Against Hate Action Plan
- Derbyshire Safeguarding Board Local Children’s Partnership Action Plan
- Derby & Derbyshire Cybercrime and Online Safety Action Plan

Definitions

Acquisitive Crime

Acquisitive crime is defined as: crimes of robbery of business property; robbery of personal property; burglary in a dwelling; burglary in a building other than a dwelling; theft of vehicle; theft from vehicle; interfere with vehicle; theft from the person; bicycle theft; shoplifting; and all other theft offences. Although some types of fraud can be a type of acquisitive crime, all types of fraud are included within the definition of economic crime and are excluded from acquisitive crime.

Anti-Social Behaviour

Under the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014, anti-social behaviour is defined as:

- "conduct that has caused, or is likely to cause, harassment, alarm or distress to any person;
- conduct capable of causing nuisance or annoyance to a person in relation to that person's occupation of residential premises; or
- conduct capable of causing housing-related nuisance or annoyance to any person".

Examples of anti-social behaviour include:

- Verbal Abuse,
- Graffiti and vandalism,
- Noise nuisance,
- Alcohol and drug related disorder,
- Vehicle related nuisance,
- Threatening or intimidating behaviour by individuals or groups.

Cyber Crime

Cyber-crime is defined as: those crimes committed, in full or in part, through a computer, computer network or other computer enabled device (e.g. a smart phone, tablet device, or gaming device). They can be either:

- Cyber-dependent crimes – those that can only be committed using computers, computer networks or other forms of information communication technology, including the creation and spread of malware, hacking to steal personal or industry data, and denial of service attacks.
- Cyber-enabled crimes - those where the online environment is used in the commission of the offence.

Domestic Violence and Abuse

Domestic violence and abuse is defined as: any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive or threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are or have been intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality.

The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to: psychological; physical; sexual; financial; emotional.

Controlling behaviour is a range of acts designed to make a person subordinate and/or dependent by isolating them from sources of support, exploiting their resources and capacities for personal gain, depriving them of the means needed for independence, resistance and escape and regulating their everyday behaviour.

Coercive behaviour is an act or a pattern of acts of assault, threats, humiliation and intimidation or other abuse that is used to harm, punish, or frighten their victim.

Economic Crime

Economic crime is defined as: any non-violent crimes that result in a financial loss, with the exception of those included in the definition of acquisitive crime. These crimes thus comprise a broad range of illegal activities, including bribery, corruption, counterfeit currency, fraud, money laundering, and tax evasion.

Killed and Serious Injury Road Collisions

Killed and serious injury road collisions are defined as: collisions where any casualty sustains injuries which are classed as either fatal; life threatening (where there is a high probability of death); life changing (where there is a high probability that the injured party will not recover sufficiently to lead an independent life); or serious (where the injury is less than life changing but amounts to a s20 Grievous Bodily Harm injury).

Modern Slavery

Modern slavery is defined as: a complex crime that encompasses slavery, servitude, forced and compulsory labour and human trafficking. Traffickers and slave drivers (often Organised Crime Groups) coerce, deceive and force individuals against their will into a life of abuse, servitude and inhumane treatment.

Offender Management

Offender management is defined as: the integrated offender management (IOM) scheme, which targets offenders of most concern to their communities. The scheme uses pooled, local resources to turn offenders away from crime, supporting them to find employment and somewhere to live, and punishing and reforming them as appropriate.

Organised Crime Groups

Organised crime groups are defined as: groups of two or more people who engage in continuing serious organised criminality. Their motivation is often, but not always, financial gain.

Safeguarding Adults

Safeguarding adults is defined as: protecting an adult who has needs for care and support, and is experiencing, or is at risk of abuse or neglect, and as a result of their care and support needs is unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect.

An adult is a person who is 18 years of age or older.

Hate crime is defined as: any incident which constitutes a criminal offence, perceived by the victim or another person as being motivated by prejudice, hate or intolerance on the grounds of disability, ethnicity, gender identity, religion, sexual orientation, or alternative sub-culture.

Safeguarding Children

Safeguarding children is defined as: the process of protecting children from abuse or neglect, preventing impairment of their health and development, and ensuring they are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care that enables children to have optimum life chances and enter adulthood successfully. A child is a person who is under the age of 18 years.

Child abuse is defined as: any form of maltreatment of a child. This can be physical, sexual or emotional abuse and / or neglect.

Child sexual abuse is a form of child abuse and is defined as: forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening.

Children at Risk of Exploitation (CRE). Exploitation occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual or criminal activity; (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants,

and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the offender or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually or criminally exploited even if the activity appears consensual. Child exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.

Sexual Violence

Sexual violence is defined as: any behaviour perceived to be of a sexual nature which is unwanted and takes place without consent or understanding.

Section 74 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 defines consent as: if he agrees by choice, and has the freedom and capacity to make that choice.

Child sexual exploitation is dealt with under the Safeguarding Children topic, as the majority of cases relate to indecent images of children which are not counted under the sexual offences crime category.

Substance Misuse

Substance misuse is defined as: the short-term and long-term damage to health associated with the consumption of alcohol and / or illicit drugs (i.e. substances that affect bodily functions which are controlled by legislation) and the resulting damage in the form of crime and disorder arising from the consumption of alcohol and the production, trade and use of illicit drugs.

Terrorism and Domestic Extremism

Terrorism is defined as: the unlawful use or threatened use of force or violence against individuals or property in an attempt to coerce or intimidate governments, organisations or the public to achieve political, religious, racial or ideological objectives.

Domestic extremism is defined as: the activity carried out by individuals or campaign groups who carry out criminal acts of direct action in furtherance of a campaign.

These people usually seek to prevent something from happening or to change legislation or domestic policy, but attempt to do so outside of the normal democratic process.

Glossary

Acquisitive Crime - a term used to describe crime where items are stolen or acquired fraudulently

ACT – Action Counters Terrorism

ASB – Anti-Social Behaviour - The definition of anti-social behaviour under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is that it is 'behaviour likely to cause alarm, harassment or distress to members of the public not of the same household as the perpetrator'

BDC – Bolsover District Council

CCGs – Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group

CCTV – Closed Circuit Television

CRE - Children at Risk of Exploitation

CSP – Community Safety Partnership

DCC – Derbyshire County Council

DFRS – Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service

DA – Domestic Abuse

DV/SV – Domestic Violence / Sexual Violence

ECINs – Empowering Communities Inclusion Neighbourhood Management System

IDVA – Independent Domestic Violence Advocate

IOM – Integrated Offender Management

ISVA – Independent Sexual Violence Advocate

MARAC – Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences

NDDSAAG – North Derbyshire Domestic and Sexual Abuse Action Group

NW – Neighbourhood Watch

OCG – Organised Crime Groups

OICHTE – Organised Immigration Crime, Human Trafficking and Exploitation

PSPO – Public Spaces Protection Order

SNT – Safer Neighbourhood Teams

SV – Sexual Violence

WRAP – Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent

Equality and Diversity

In the production and implementation of this Plan and in all its work, Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has considered the equalities and diversity policies of partners and will give due regard to any unlawful discrimination and promote equality at all times.

We speak your language

Polish

Mówimy Twoim językiem

Slovak

Rozprávame Vaším jazykom

Chinese

我们会说你的语言

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